# **Elasticsearch Documentation**

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Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. Its goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

For a more high level client library with more limited scope, have a look at elasticsearch-dsl - it is a more pythonic library sitting on top of elasticsearch-py.

# Compatibility

The library is compatible with all Elasticsearch versions since 0.90.x but you have to use a matching major version:

For Elasticsearch 2.0 and later, use the major version 2 (2.x.y) of the library.

For Elasticsearch 1.0 and later, use the major version 1 (1.x.y) of the library.

For Elasticsearch 0.90.x, use a version from 0.4.x releases of the library.

The recommended way to set your requirements in your *setup.py* or *requirements.txt* is:

```
# Elasticsearch 2.x
elasticsearch>=2.0.0,<3.0.0
# Elasticsearch 1.x
elasticsearch>=1.0.0,<2.0.0
# Elasticsearch 0.90.x
elasticsearch<1.0.0</pre>
```

The development is happening on master and 1.x branches, respectively.

### **Example Usage**

```
from datetime import datetime
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
doc = {
   'author': 'kimchy',
   'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime.now(),
}
res = es.index(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1, body=doc)
print(res['created'])
res = es.get(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1)
print (res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")
res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
   print("%(timestamp)s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["_source"])
```

### Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticseach's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue as well as a more high level library (elasticsearch-dsl) on top of this one to provide a more convenient way of working with Elasticsearch.

# 3.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose between two http protocol implementations. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the *ConnectionPool* class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default nodes are randomized before being passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the *Elasticsearch* class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

# 3.2 Automatic Retries

If a connection to a node fails due to connection issues (raises *ConnectionError*) it is considered in faulty state. It will be placed on hold for dead\_timeout seconds and the request will be retried on another node. If a connection fails multiple times in a row the timeout will get progressively larger to avoid hitting a node that's, by all indication, down. If no live connection is available, the connection that has the smallest timeout will be used.

By default retries are not triggered by a timeout (*ConnectionTimeout*), set retry\_on\_timeout to True to also retry on timeouts.

# 3.3 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See *Transport* parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

### 3.4 Thread safety

The client is thread safe and can be used in a multi threaded environment. Best practice is to create a single global instance of the client and use it throughout your application. If your application is long-running consider turning on *Sniffing* to make sure the client is up to date on the cluster location.

By default we allow urllib3 to open up to 10 connections to each node, if your application calls for more paralelism, use the maxsize parameter to raise the limit:

```
# allow up to 25 connections to each node
es = Elasticsearch(["host1", "host2"], maxsize=25)
```

**Note:** Since we use persistent connections throughout the client it means that the client doesn't tolerate fork very well. If your application calls for multiple processes make sure you create a fresh client after call to fork. Note that Python's multiprocessing module uses fork to create new processes on POSIX systems.

### 3.5 SSL and Authentication

You can configure the client to use SSL for connecting to your elasticsearch cluster, including certificate verification and http auth:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use RFC-1738 to specify the url
es = Elasticsearch(['https://user:secret@localhost:443'])
# ... or specify common parameters as kwargs
# use certifi for CA certificates
import certifi
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
    http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    port=443,
```

```
use_ssl=True,
verify_certs=True,
ca_certs=certifi.where(),
)
# SSL client authentication using client_cert and client_key
es = Elasticsearch(
  ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
  http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
  port=443,
  use_ssl=True,
  verify_certs=True,
  ca_certs='/path/to/cacert.pem',
  client_cert='/path/to/client_cert.pem',
  client_key='/path/to/client_key.pem',
)
```

**Warning:** By default SSL certificates won't be verified, pass in verify\_certs=True to make sure your certificates will get verified. The client doesn't ship with any CA certificates; easiest way to obtain the common set is by using the certifi package (as shown above).

See class *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options.

# 3.6 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. If the trace logger has not been configured already it is set to *propagate=False* so it needs to be activated separately.

### **Environment considerations**

When using the client there are several limitations of your environment that could come into play.

When using an http load balancer you cannot use the *Sniffing* functionality - the cluster would supply the client with IP addresses to directly connect to the cluster, circumventing the load balancer. Depending on your configuration this might be something you don't want or break completely.

In some environments (notably on Google App Engine) your http requests might be restricted so that GET requests won't accept body. In that case use the send\_get\_body\_as parameter of *Transport* to send all bodies via post:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(send_get_body_as='POST')
```

### 4.1 Running on AWS with IAM

If you want to use this client with IAM based authentication on AWS you can use the requests-aws4auth package:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
from requests_aws4auth import AWS4Auth
host = 'YOURHOST.us-east-1.es.amazonaws.com'
awsauth = AWS4Auth(YOUR_ACCESS_KEY, YOUR_SECRET_KEY, REGION, 'es')
es = Elasticsearch(
    hosts=[{'host': host, 'port': 443}],
    http_auth=awsauth,
    use_ssl=True,
    verify_certs=True,
    connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection
)
print(es.info())
```

### Contents

### 5.1 API Documentation

All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from\_instead of from and doc\_type instead of type as parameter names.

### 5.1.1 Global options

Some parameters are added by the client itself and can be used in all API calls.

#### Ignore

An API call is considered successful (and will return a response) if elasticsearch returns a 2XX response. Otherwise an instance of *TransportError* (or a more specific subclass) will be raised. You can see other exception and error states in *Exceptions*. If you do not wish an exception to be raised you can always pass in an ignore parameter with either a single status code that should be ignored or a list of them:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
# ignore 400 cause by IndexAlreadyExistsException when creating an index
es.indices.create(index='test-index', ignore=400)
# ignore 404 and 400
es.indices.delete(index='test-index', ignore=[400, 404])
```

#### Timeout

Global timeout can be set when constructing the client (see Connection's timeout parameter) or on a per-request basis using request\_timeout (float value in seconds) as part of any API call, this value will get passed to the perform\_request method of the connection class:

```
# only wait for 1 second, regardless of the client's default
es.cluster.health(wait_for_status='yellow', request_timeout=1)
```

**Note:** Some API calls also accept a timeout parameter that is passed to Elasticsearch server. This timeout is internal and doesn't guarantee that the request will end in the specified time.

#### **Response Filtering**

The filter\_path parameter is used to reduce the response returned by elasticsearch. For example, to only return \_id and \_type, do:

es.search(index='test-index', filter\_path=['hits.hits.\_id', 'hits.hits.\_type'])

It also supports the \* wildcard character to match any field or part of a field's name:

es.search(index='test-index', filter\_path=['hits.hits.\_\*'])

### 5.1.2 Elasticsearch

class elasticsearch.Elasticsearch (hosts=None, transport\_class=<class 'elasticsearch.transport.Transport'>, \*\*kwargs)

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, nodes and snapshot that provide access to instances of *CatClient*, *ClusterClient*, *IndicesClient*, *NodesClient* and *SnapshotClient* respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the connection\_class parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnodel' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
    sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
    sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
    sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

```
# connect to localhost directly and another node using SSL on port 443
# and an url_prefix. Note that ``port`` needs to be an int.
es = Elasticsearch([
        {'host': 'localhost'},
```

```
{'host': 'othernode', 'port': 443, 'url_prefix': 'es', 'use_ssl': True},
])
```

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates (off by default)
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates (off by default)
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
    # PEM formatted SSL client certificate
    client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
    # PEM formatted SSL client key
    client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    [
        'http://user:secret@localhost:9200/',
        'https://user:secret@other_host:443/production'
    ],
    verify_certs=True
)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **hosts** list of nodes we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host [:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the *Urllib3HttpConnection* class defaults will be used.
- transport\_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

```
bulk (*args, **kwargs)
```

Perform many index/delete operations in a single API call.

See the *bulk()* helper function for a more friendly API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs bulk.html

#### **Parameters**

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- **index** Default index for items which don't provide one
- **doc\_type** Default document type for items which don't provide one
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- fields Default comma-separated list of fields to return in the response for updates
- **refresh** Refresh the index after performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### clear\_scroll(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Clear the scroll request created by specifying the scroll parameter to search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

#### **Parameters**

- scroll\_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear
- **body** A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll\_id parameter

#### count (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Execute a query and get the number of matches for that query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-count.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- **body** A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- **analyzer** The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored

- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- min\_score Include only documents with a specific \_score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value

#### count\_percolate(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The index of the document being count percolated.
- doc\_type The type of the document being count percolated.
- id Substitute the document in the request body with a document that is known by the specified id. On top of the id, the index and type parameter will be used to retrieve the document from within the cluster.
- body The count percolator request definition using the percolate DSL
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- percolate\_index The index to count percolate the document into. Defaults to index.
- **percolate\_type** The type to count percolate document into. Defaults to type.
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### create(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Adds a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. Behind the scenes this method calls index(..., op\_type='create') http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index\_.html

- **index** The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- **body** The document
- id Document ID

- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- op\_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- parent ID of the parent document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### **delete** (\**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

Delete a typed JSON document from a specific index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- **id** The document ID
- **consistency** Specific write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- parent ID of parent document
- **refresh** Refresh the index after performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### delete\_script (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Remove a stored script from elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulesscripting.html

#### **Parameters**

- **lang** Script language
- id Script ID
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### delete\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Delete a search template. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### **Parameters**

- **id** Template ID
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### exists (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a boolean indicating whether or not given document exists in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index
- **doc\_type** The type of the document (use *\_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- **id** The document ID
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

#### explain(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The explain api computes a score explanation for a query and a specific document. This can give useful feedback whether a document matches or didn't match a specific query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id The document ID
- **body** The query definition using the Query DSL
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- **analyzer** The analyzer for the query string query
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: \_all)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored

- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value

#### field\_stats(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The field stats api allows one to find statistical properties of a field without executing a search, but looking up measurements that are natively available in the Lucene index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-field-stats.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **body** Field json objects containing the name and optionally a range to filter out indices result, that have results outside the defined bounds
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for to get field statistics for (min value, max value, and more)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **level** Defines if field stats should be returned on a per index level or on a cluster wide level, default 'cluster', valid choices are: 'indices', 'cluster'

#### get (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get a typed JSON document from the index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- **index** The name of the index
- **doc\_type** The type of the document (use *\_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- **id** The document ID
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode

- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

get\_script (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve a script from the API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-scripting.html

#### **Parameters**

- lang Script language
- id Script ID
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### get\_source(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get the source of a document by it's index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

#### Parameters

- **index** The name of the index
- **doc\_type** The type of the document; use *\_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types
- id The document ID
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- **refresh** Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### get\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve a search template. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

- id Template ID
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

• **version\_type** – Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### index(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Adds or updates a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index\_.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- **body** The document
- id Document ID
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- op\_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- parent ID of the parent document
- **refresh** Refresh the index after performing the operation
- **routing** Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### info(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get the basic info from the current cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

#### mget (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get multiple documents based on an index, type (optional) and ids. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-get.html

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- **index** The name of the index
- **doc\_type** The type of the document
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode

• **refresh** – Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation

#### mpercolate(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

#### Parameters

- **body** The percolate request definitions (header & body pair), separated by newlines
- index The index of the document being count percolated to use as default
- **doc\_type** The type of the document being percolated to use as default.
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

#### msearch(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Execute several search requests within the same API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-multi-search.html

#### **Parameters**

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'query\_and\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_and\_fetch', 'count', 'scan'

#### mtermvectors (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Multi termvectors API allows to get multiple termvectors based on an index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **doc\_type** The type of the document.
- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- **field\_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **ids** A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- **offsets** Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True

- **parent** Parent id of documents. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **payloads** Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **realtime** Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near- real-time (default: true).
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **term\_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default False
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### percolate(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

- index The index of the document being percolated.
- **doc\_type** The type of the document being percolated.
- id Substitute the document in the request body with a document that is known by the specified id. On top of the id, the index and type parameter will be used to retrieve the document from within the cluster.
- **body** The percolator request definition using the percolate DSL
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **percolate\_format** Return an array of matching query IDs instead of objects, valid choices are: 'ids'
- percolate\_index The index to percolate the document into. Defaults to index.
- **percolate\_preference** Which shard to prefer when executing the percolate request.
- **percolate\_routing** The routing value to use when percolating the existing document.

- **percolate\_type** The type to percolate document into. Defaults to type.
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### ping(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns True if the cluster is up, False otherwise. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

#### put\_script(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create a script in given language with specified ID. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-scripting.html

#### Parameters

- lang Script language
- id Script ID
- body The document
- op\_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### put\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create a search template. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### **Parameters**

- **id** Template ID
- body The document
- op\_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### reindex(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Reindex data from one index to another. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/plugins-reindex.html

- **body** The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- **refresh** Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- **requests\_per\_second** The throttle for this request in sub-requests per second. 0 means set no throttle., default 0

- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- wait\_for\_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete., default False

#### render\_search\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### Parameters

- id The id of the stored search template
- body The search definition template and its params

#### scroll (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Scroll a search request created by specifying the scroll parameter. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

#### Parameters

- **scroll\_id** The scroll ID
- body The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

#### search(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-search.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit

- **fielddata\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return as the field data representation of a field for each hit
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as part of a hit
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **request\_cache** Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'count', 'scan'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- suggest\_field Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest\_mode** Specify suggest mode, default 'missing', valid choices are: 'missing', 'popular', 'always'
- suggest\_size How many suggestions to return in response
- suggest\_text The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate\_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track\_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

#### search\_exists(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The exists API allows to easily determine if any matching documents exist for a provided query. It can be executed across one or more indices and across one or more types. The query can either be provided using a simple query string as a parameter, or using the Query DSL defined within the request body.

Deprecated in Elasticsearch 2.1.0, use .search() instead with size=0 and terminate\_after=1. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-exists.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- body A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- **analyzer** The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- min\_score Include only documents with a specific \_score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value

#### search\_shards (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The search shards api returns the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. This can give useful feedback for working out issues or planning optimizations with routing and shard preferences. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-shards.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)

• routing – Specific routing value

#### search\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

A query that accepts a query template and a map of key/value pairs to fill in template parameters. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc\_type** A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition template and its params
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'query\_and\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_and\_fetch', 'count', 'scan'

#### suggest (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The suggest feature suggests similar looking terms based on a provided text by using a suggester. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-suggesters.html

#### **Parameters**

- **body** The request definition
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

#### termvectors (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns information and statistics on terms in the fields of a particular document. The document could be stored in the index or artificially provided by the user (Added in 1.4). Note that for documents stored

in the index, this is a near realtime API as the term vectors are not available until the next refresh. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-termvectors.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The index in which the document resides.
- doc\_type The type of the document.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- **body** Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- **dfs** Specifies if distributed frequencies should be returned instead shard frequencies., default False
- **field\_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned., default True
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned., default True
- parent Parent id of documents.
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned., default True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned., default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- realtime Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near- real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.
- term\_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned., default False
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'exte

#### update(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Update a document based on a script or partial data provided. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update.html

- **index** The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- **body** The request definition using either *script* or partial *doc*
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- **detect\_noop** Specifying as true will cause Elasticsearch to check if there are changes and, if there aren't, turn the update request into a noop.
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- **lang** The script language (default: groovy)

- **parent** ID of the parent document. Is is only used for routing and when for the upsert request
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- **retry\_on\_conflict** Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- **script** The URL-encoded script definition (instead of using request body)
- **script\_id** The id of a stored script
- **scripted\_upsert** True if the script referenced in script or script\_id should be called to perform inserts defaults to false
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version\_type Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'force'

#### update\_by\_query(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Update all documents matchng a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/plugins-reindex.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to search; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc\_type** A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- **analyzer** The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the reindex hits version conflicts?, default 'abort', valid choices are: 'abort', 'proceed'
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation, valid choices are: 'one', 'quorum', 'all'
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string

- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **fielddata\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return as the field data representation of a field for each hit
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as part of a hit
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **refresh** Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- **request\_cache** Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- **requests\_per\_second** The throttle for this request in sub-requests per second. 0 means set no throttle., default 0
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll\_size Size on the scroll request powering the update\_by\_query
- **search\_timeout** Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- suggest\_field Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest\_mode** Specify suggest mode, default 'missing', valid choices are: 'missing', 'popular', 'always'
- suggest\_size How many suggestions to return in response
- **suggest\_text** The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate\_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'

- track\_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- **version\_type** Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)
- wait\_for\_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete., default False

# 5.1.3 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient (client)

#### analyze(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Perform the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-analyze.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index to scope the operation
- body The text on which the analysis should be performed
- analyzer The name of the analyzer to use
- **attributes** A comma-separated list of token attributes to output, this parameter works only with *explain=true*
- char\_filter A comma-separated list of character filters to use for the analysis
- **char\_filters** Deprecated : A comma-separated list of character filters to use for the analysis
- **explain** With *true*, outputs more advanced details. (default: false)
- **field** Use the analyzer configured for this field (instead of passing the analyzer name)
- filter A comma-separated list of filters to use for the analysis
- filters Deprecated : A comma-separated list of filters to use for the analysis
- format Format of the output, default 'detailed', valid choices are: 'detailed', 'text'
- **prefer\_local** With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)
- **text** The text on which the analysis should be performed (when request body is not used)
- tokenizer The name of the tokenizer to use for the analysis

# clear\_cache(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Clear either all caches or specific cached associated with one ore more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-clearcache.html

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- field\_data Clear field data
- fielddata Clear field data
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the *field\_data* parameter (default: all)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- query Clear query caches
- recycler Clear the recycler cache
- **request** Clear request cache

# close(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Close an index to remove it's overhead from the cluster. Closed index is blocked for read/write operations. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### create(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create an index in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-create-index.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **update\_all\_types** Whether to update the mapping for all fields with the same name across all types or not

#### delete (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Delete an index in Elasticsearch http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-index.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use \_*all* or \* string to delete all indices
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

• timeout – Explicit operation timeout

# delete\_alias(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Delete specific alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

## **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use *\_all* for all indices
- **name** A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use \_*all* to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

### delete\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Delete an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

#### **Parameters**

- **name** The name of the template
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## delete\_warmer(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Delete an index warmer. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceswarmers.html

#### Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to delete warmers from (supports wild-cards); use \_*all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- **name** A comma-separated list of warmer names to delete (supports wildcards); use *\_all* to delete all warmers in the specified indices. You must specify a name either in the uri or in the parameters.
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

# exists (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given index exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indice exists.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to check
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

#### exists\_alias (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given alias exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices aliases.html

## Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default ['open', 'closed'], valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

#### exists\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given template exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ind templates.html

#### Parameters

- **name** The name of the template
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

# exists\_type(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Check if a type/types exists in an index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-types-exists.html

# **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* to check the types across all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

# flush(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Explicitly flush one or more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-flush.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string for all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index. This is useful if transaction log IDs should be incremented even if no uncommitted changes are present. (This setting can be considered as internal)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- wait\_if\_ongoing If set to true the flush operation will block until the flush can be
  executed if another flush operation is already executing. The default is false and will cause
  an exception to be thrown on the shard level if another flush operation is already running.

#### flush\_synced(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Perform a normal flush, then add a generated unique marker (sync\_id) to all shards. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-synced-flush.html

## **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string for all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

# forcemerge(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/2.1/indices-forcemerge.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use \_*all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **max\_num\_segments** The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- **only\_expunge\_deletes** Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents
- operation\_threading TODO: ?

• **wait\_for\_merge** – Specify whether the request should block until the merge process is finished (default: true)

# get (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The get index API allows to retrieve information about one or more indexes. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-index.html

### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- feature A comma-separated list of features
- **allow\_no\_indices** Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return version and creation date values in human- readable format., default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

### get\_alias (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve a specified alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesaliases.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

# get\_aliases (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve specified aliases http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesaliases.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to filter
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# get\_field\_mapping(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of a specific field. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-field-mapping.html

# Parameters

- fields A comma-separated list of fields
- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include\_defaults Whether the default mapping values should be returned as well
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

# get\_mapping(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of index or index/type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-mapping.html

# **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

# get\_settings (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve settings for one or more (or all) indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-settings.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use \_*all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **name** The name of the settings that should be included
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default ['open', 'closed'], valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'

- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return version and creation date values in human- readable format., default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

# get\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestemplates.html

### **Parameters**

- **name** The name of the template
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

# get\_upgrade (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Monitor how much of one or more index is upgraded. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

# get\_warmer(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retreieve an index warmer. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceswarmers.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use *\_all* to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- name The name of the warmer (supports wildcards); leave empty to get all warmers
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'

- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

**open** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Open a closed index to make it available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesopen-close.html

# Parameters

- **index** The name of the index
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'closed', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### optimize(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Explicitly optimize one or more indices through an API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indice optimize.html

#### Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **max\_num\_segments** The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- **only\_expunge\_deletes** Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents
- operation\_threading TODO: ?
- **wait\_for\_merge** Specify whether the request should block until the merge process is finished (default: true)

# put\_alias (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create an alias for a specific index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *\_all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- **name** The name of the alias to be created or updated
- **body** The settings for the alias, such as *routing* or *filter*
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

# put\_mapping(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Register specific mapping definition for a specific type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indice put-mapping.html

### **Parameters**

- **doc\_type** The name of the document type
- body The mapping definition
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the mapping should be added to (supports wildcards); use *\_all* or omit to add the mapping on all indices.
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **update\_all\_types** Whether to update the mapping for all fields with the same name across all types or not

# put\_settings (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Change specific index level settings in real time. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-update-settings.html

- **body** The index settings to be updated
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

#### put\_template(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create an index template that will automatically be applied to new indices created. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

### **Parameters**

- **name** The name of the template
- **body** The template definition
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one, default False
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- order The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### put\_warmer (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create an index warmer to run registered search requests to warm up the index before it is available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

### Parameters

- **name** The name of the warmer
- **body** The search request definition for the warmer (query, filters, facets, sorting, etc)
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to register the warmer for; use *\_all* or omit to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to register the warmer for; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices in the search request to warm. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both, in the search request to warm., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed) in the search request to warm
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **request\_cache** Specify whether the request to be warmed should use the request cache, defaults to index level setting

## **recovery** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The indices API recoverrecovery provides insight into on-going shard ies. Recovery status may be reported for specific indices, or cluster-wide. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-recovery.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- active\_only Display only those recoveries that are currently on- going, default False

- detailed Whether to display detailed information about shard recovery, default False
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False

# refresh(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Explicitly refresh one or more index, making all operations performed since the last refresh available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-refresh.html

## Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use \_*all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **force** Force a refresh even if not required, default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation\_threading TODO: ?

# segments (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Provide low level segments information that a Lucene index (shard level) is built with. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-segments.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation\_threading TODO: ?

# shard\_stores (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-shard-stores.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation\_threading TODO: ?

• **status** – A comma-separated list of statuses used to filter on shards to get store information for, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red', 'all'

# stats (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Retrieve statistics on different operations happening on an index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-stats.html

# Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- metric Limit the information returned the specific metrics.
- **completion\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search index metric
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- **level** Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level, default 'indices', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

## update\_aliases(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Update specified aliases. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesaliases.html

## **Parameters**

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

## upgrade (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Upgrade one or more indices to the latest format through an API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the
  operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **only\_ancient\_segments** If true, only ancient (an older Lucene major release) segments will be upgraded

• wait\_for\_completion – Specify whether the request should block until the all segments are upgraded (default: false)

# validate\_query(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/se-validate.html

### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc\_type** A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **body** The query definition specified with the Query DSL
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **analyze\_wildcard** Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- **analyzer** The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- explain Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase\_expanded\_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- operation\_threading TODO: ?
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **rewrite** Provide a more detailed explanation showing the actual Lucene query that will be executed.

# 5.1.4 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

```
get_settings (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get cluster settings. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

• timeout – Explicit operation timeout

## health (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get a very simple status on the health of the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-health.html

# **Parameters**

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- **level** Specify the level of detail for returned information, default 'cluster', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait\_for\_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait\_for\_relocating\_shards Wait until the specified number of relocating shards is finished
- wait\_for\_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state, default None, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red'

#### pending\_tasks(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The pending cluster tasks API returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-pending.html

#### **Parameters**

- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

#### put\_settings (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Update cluster wide specific settings. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

## Parameters

- **body** The settings to be updated. Can be either *transient* or *persistent* (survives cluster restart).
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# reroute(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Explicitly execute a cluster reroute allocation command including specific commands. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-reroute.html

- **body** The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- dry\_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state

- explain Return an explanation of why the commands can or cannot be executed
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Defaults to all but metadata, valid choices are: '\_all', 'blocks', 'metadata', 'nodes', 'routing\_table', 'master\_node', 'version'
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### state(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get a comprehensive state information of the whole cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/clustate.html

#### Parameters

- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use \_*all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

#### stats (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The Cluster Stats API allows to retrieve statistics from a cluster wide perspective. The API returns basic index metrics and information about the current nodes that form the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-stats.html

#### Parameters

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use \_local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# 5.1.5 Nodes

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

```
hot_threads (*args, **kwargs)
```

An API allowing to get the current hot threads on each node in the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

- **node\_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- doc\_type The type to sample (default: cpu), valid choices are: 'cpu', 'wait', 'block'
- **ignore\_idle\_threads** Don't show threads that are in known-idle places, such as waiting on a socket select or pulling from an empty task queue (default: true)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- **snapshots** Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- threads Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# info(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The cluster nodes info API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes information. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-info.html

# **Parameters**

- **node\_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# stats (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The cluster nodes stats API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes statistics. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-stats.html

- **node\_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- **index\_metric** Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified.
- **completion\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- **level** Return indices stats aggregated at node, index or shard level, default 'node', valid choices are: 'node', 'indices', 'shards'

- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

# 5.1.6 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

#### aliases (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-alias.html

# **Parameters**

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### allocation (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Allocation provides a snapshot of how shards have located around the cluster and the state of disk usage. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-allocation.html

#### Parameters

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **master\_timeout** Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### count (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Count provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-count.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

• v – Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## fielddata(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Shows information about currently loaded fielddata on a per-node basis. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-fielddata.html

### **Parameters**

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return the fielddata size
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### health(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

health is a terse, one-line representation of the same information from health() API http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-health.html

# Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- ts Set to false to disable timestamping, default True
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

# help(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

A simple help for the cat api. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat.html

Parameters help – Return help information, default False

## indices (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The indices command provides a cross-section of each index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-indices.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards, default False

• v – Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### master(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Displays the master's node ID, bound IP address, and node name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-master.html

#### **Parameters**

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### nodeattrs (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-nodeattrs.html

#### **Parameters**

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## nodes (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The nodes command shows the cluster topology. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/catnodes.html

#### **Parameters**

- **h** Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### pending\_tasks (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

pending\_tasks provides the same information as the pending\_tasks() API in a convenient tabular format. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-pending-tasks.html

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## plugins (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-plugins.html

## Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### **recovery** (\**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

recovery is a view of shard replication. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-recovery.html

# **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

# repositories (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-repositories.html

#### Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### segments (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The segments command is the detailed view of Lucene segments per index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-segments.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### shards (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

The shards command is the detailed view of what nodes contain which shards. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-shards.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **master\_timeout** Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### snapshots (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository Name of repository from which to fetch the snapshot information
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **ignore\_unavailable** Set to true to ignore unavailable snapshots, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## thread\_pool(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Get information about thread pools. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-thread-pool.html

# **Parameters**

- full\_id Enables displaying the complete node ids, default False
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### Snapshot —

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

```
create(*args, **kwargs)
```

Create a snapshot in repository http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A snapshot name
- **body** The snapshot definition
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait\_for\_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

# create\_repository(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Registers a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

## **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- body The repository definition
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout
- verify Whether to verify the repository after creation

## **delete** (\**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

Deletes a snapshot from a repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- **repository** A repository name
- **snapshot** A snapshot name
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

#### delete\_repository(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Removes a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

```
get (*args, **kwargs)
```

Retrieve information about a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

# **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

# get\_repository(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Return information about registered repositories. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

- **repository** A comma-separated list of repository names
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

#### **restore** (\**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

Restore a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modulessnapshots.html

# **Parameters**

- **repository** A repository name
- **snapshot** A snapshot name
- **body** Details of what to restore
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait\_for\_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

# status (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Return information about all currently running snapshots. By specifying а repository name, it's possible to limit the results particular repository. to a http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- **repository** A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

# verify\_repository(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a list of nodes where repository was successfully verified or an error message if verification process failed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

# 5.2 Exceptions

```
class elasticsearch. ImproperlyConfigured
Exception raised when the config passed to the client is inconsistent or invalid.
```

## class elasticsearch.ElasticsearchException

Base class for all exceptions raised by this package's operations (doesn't apply to *ImproperlyConfigured*).

#### class elasticsearch.SerializationError(ElasticsearchException)

Data passed in failed to serialize properly in the Serializer being used.

```
class elasticsearch.TransportError (ElasticsearchException)
```

Exception raised when ES returns a non-OK (>=400) HTTP status code. Or when an actual connection error happens; in that case the status\_code will be set to 'N/A'.

error

A string error message.

info

Dict of returned error info from ES, where available.

status\_code

The HTTP status code of the response that precipitated the error or ' N/A' if not applicable.

- class elasticsearch.ConnectionError (TransportError)
  Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying
  Connection implementation is available as .info.
- class elasticsearch.SSLError (*ConnectionError*) Error raised when encountering SSL errors.

- **class** elasticsearch.**RequestError** (*TransportError*) Exception representing a 400 status code.
- class elasticsearch.ConnectionError (TransportError)
  Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying
  Connection implementation is available as .info.

# 5.3 Connection Layer API

All of the classes responsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the *Elasticsearch* class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to *Transport*, *ConnectionPool* and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the *ConnectionSelector* class you can just pass in the selector\_class parameter.

**Note:** *ConnectionPool* and related options (like selector\_class) will only be used if more than one connection is defined. Either directly or via the *Sniffing* mechanism.

# 5.3.1 Transport

 ing a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform\_request* method.

# **Parameters**

- **hosts** list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a *connection\_class* instance
- connection\_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection\_pool\_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- **host\_info\_callback** callback responsible for taking the node information from /\_*cluser/nodes*, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as *hosts* parameter)
- **sniff\_on\_start** flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluser at startup time
- **sniffer\_timeout** number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff\_on\_connection\_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff\_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff\_on\_start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- **serializer** serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default\_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to '*application/json*'
- max\_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- **retry\_on\_status** set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (503, 504, )
- **retry\_on\_timeout** should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default *False*)
- **send\_get\_body\_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection\_class* when creating and instance unless overriden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

#### add\_connection(host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

### close()

Explcitly closes connections

#### get\_connection()

Retreive a Connection instance from the *ConnectionPool* instance.

#### mark\_dead (connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

perform\_request (method, url, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform\_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max\_retries times).

If the operation was succesful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

### **Parameters**

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- **params** dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serializes using serializer and passed to the connection

#### set\_connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and crate new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

**Parameters** hosts – same as \_\_init\_\_

#### sniff\_hosts(initial=False)

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the nodes\_to\_host\_callback.

Parameters initial - flag indicating if this is during startup (sniff\_on\_start), ignore
 the sniff\_timeout if True

# **5.3.2 Connection Pool**

class elasticsearch.ConnectionPool(connections, dead\_timeout=60, selector\_class=RoundRobinSelector, randomize\_hosts=True, \*\* kwargs) Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the *Transport* class that drives all the actions within *ConnectionPool*.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get\_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform\_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark\_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default\_timeout* \* 2 \*\* (*fail\_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been peviously marked as dead and succeedes will be marked as live (it's fail count will be deleted).

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead\_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures

- **timeout\_cutoff** number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- **selector\_class** *ConnectionSelector* subclass to use if more than one connection is live
- **randomize\_hosts** shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

### close()

Explicitly closes connections

## get\_connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the ConnectionSelector instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

### mark\_dead (connection, now=None)

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

**Parameters** connection – the failed instance

## mark\_live (connection)

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection - the connection to redeem

# resurrect (force=False)

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to the live pool. Any resurrected connection is also returned.

**Parameters force** – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections). If force is specified resurrect always returns a connection.

# 5.3.3 Connection Selector

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector (opts)
```

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to *Transport* as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host\_info\_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

select (connections)

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

# 5.3.4 Urllib3HttpConnection (default connection\_class)

# Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url\_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- **use\_ssl** use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify\_certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ca\_certs** optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for in-structions how to get default set
- **client\_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl\_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL\_\* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- **ssl\_assert\_hostname** use hostname verification if not *False*
- **ssl\_assert\_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- **maxsize** the maximum number of connections which will be kept open to this host.

close()

Explicitly closes connection

# 5.4 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of *Elasticsearch* as *connection\_class*. Note that the *RequestsHttpConnection* requires requests to be installed.

For example to use the requests-based connection just import it and use it:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection)
```

The default connection class is based on urllib3 which is more performant and lightweight than the optional requests-based class. Only use RequestsHttpConnection if you have need of any of requests advanced features like custom auth plugins etc.

# 5.4.1 Connection

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform\_request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

**Parameters** 

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- **port** port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- **url\_prefix** optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)

# 5.4.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

ssl\_assert\_fingerprint=None,

maxsize=10, \*\*kwargs)

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- **port** port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url\_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- **use\_ssl** use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify\_certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ca\_certs** optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- **client\_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl\_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL\_\* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- **ssl\_assert\_hostname** use hostname verification if not *False*

- **ssl\_assert\_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the maximum number of connections which will be kept open to this host.

# 5.4.3 RequestsHttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection (host='localhost',

port=9200, http\_auth=None, use\_ssl=False, verify\_certs=False, ca\_certs=None, client\_cert=None, client\_key=None, \*\*kwargs)

Connection using the *requests* library.

#### **Parameters**

- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple. Any value will be passed into requests as *auth*.
- **use\_ssl** use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify\_certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ca\_certs** optional path to CA bundle. By default standard requests' bundle will be used.
- **client\_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)

# 5.5 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

# 5.5.1 Bulk helpers

There are several helpers for the bulk API since it's requirement for specific formatting and other considerations can make it cumbersome if used directly.

All bulk helpers accept an instance of Elasticsearch class and an iterable actions (any iterable, can also be a generator, which is ideal in most cases since it will allow you to index large datasets without the need of loading them into memory).

The items in the action iterable should be the documents we wish to index in several formats. The most common one is the same as returned by *search()*, for example:

```
'_index': 'index-name',
'_type': 'document',
'_id': 42,
'_parent': 5,
'_ttl': 'ld',
'_source': {
    "title": "Hello World!",
    "body": "..."
```

}

Alternatively, if *\_source* is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data:

```
"_id": 42,
"_parent": 5,
"title": "Hello World!",
"body": "..."
```

The *bulk()* api accepts index, create, delete, and update actions. Use the \_op\_type field to specify an action (\_op\_type defaults to index):

```
'_op_type': 'delete',
'_index': 'index-name',
'_type': 'document',
'_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
```

**Note:** When reading raw json strings from a file, you can also pass them in directly (without decoding to dicts first). In that case, however, you lose the ability to specify anything (index, type, even id) on a per-record basis, all documents will just be sent to elasticsearch to be indexed as-is.

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk() which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

- client instance of *Elasticsearch* to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- chunk\_size number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- **max\_chunk\_bytes** the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- **raise\_on\_error** raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as *.errors*) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- **raise\_on\_exception** if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.

• **expand\_action\_callback** – callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).

Parallel version of the bulk helper run in multiple threads at once.

#### **Parameters**

- client instance of *Elasticsearch* to use
- **actions** iterator containing the actions
- thread\_count size of the threadpool to use for the bulk requests
- **chunk\_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max\_chunk\_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- **raise\_on\_error** raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as *.errors*) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- **raise\_on\_exception** if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand\_action\_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).

elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats\_only=False, \*\*kwargs)

Helper for the *bulk()* api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if *stats\_only* is set to *True*.

See streaming\_bulk() for more accepted parameters

# Parameters

- client instance of *Elasticsearch* to use
- **actions** iterator containing the actions
- stats\_only if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to *streaming\_bulk()* which is used to execute the operation.

# 5.5.2 Scan

elasticsearch.helpers.scan(client, query=None, scroll=u'5m', raise\_on\_error=True, pre-

serve\_order=False, size=1000, \*\*kwargs)

Simple abstraction on top of the *scroll()* api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve\_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

#### Parameters

• **client** – instance of *Elasticsearch* to use

- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **raise\_on\_error** raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve\_order** don't set the search\_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.
- **size** size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial *search()* call:

```
scan(es,
    query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
    index="orders-*",
    doc_type="books"
```

# 5.5.3 Reindex

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *target\_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

- **client** instance of *Elasticsearch* to use (for read if *target\_client* is specified as well)
- source\_index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target\_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target\_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- chunk\_size number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **scan\_kwargs** additional kwargs to be passed to *scan()*
- bulk\_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to bulk ()

# 5.6 Changelog

# 5.6.1 2.4.0 (2016-08-17)

- ping now ignores all TransportError exceptions and just returns False
- expose scroll\_id on ScanError
- increase default size for scan helper to 1000

# Internal:

• changed Transport.perform\_request to just return the body, not status as well.

# 5.6.2 2.3.0 (2016-02-29)

- added client\_key argument to configure client certificates
- debug logging now includes response body even for failed requests

# 5.6.3 2.2.0 (2016-01-05)

Due to change in json encoding the client will no longer mask issues with encoding - if you work with non-ascii data in python 2 you must use the unicode type or have proper encoding set in your environment.

- adding additional options for ssh  ${\tt ssl\_assert\_hostname}$  and  ${\tt ssl\_assert\_fingerprint}$  to the default connection class
- fix sniffing

# 5.6.4 2.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• move multiprocessing import inside parallel bulk for Google App Engine

# 5.6.5 2.0.0 (2015-10-14)

• Elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility release

# 5.6.6 1.8.0 (2015-10-14)

- removed thrift and memcached connections, if you wish to continue using those, extract the classes and use them separately.
- added a new, parallel version of the bulk helper using thread pools
- In helpers, removed bulk\_index as an alias for bulk. Use bulk instead.

# 5.6.7 1.7.0 (2015-09-21)

- elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility
- thrift now deprecated, to be removed in future version
- make sure urllib3 always uses keep-alive

# 5.6.8 1.6.0 (2015-06-10)

- Add indices.flush\_synced API
- helpers.reindex now supports reindexing parent/child documents

# 5.6.9 1.5.0 (2015-05-18)

- Add support for query\_cache parameter when searching
- · helpers have been made more secure by changing defaults to raise an exception on errors
- removed deprecated options replication and the deprecated benchmark api.
- Added AddonClient class to allow for extending the client from outside

# 5.6.10 1.4.0 (2015-02-11)

- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify\_cert=False) raises a warning
- reindex accepts a query parameter
- enable reindex helper to accept any kwargs for underlying bulk and scan calls
- when doing an initial sniff (via sniff\_on\_start) ignore special sniff timeout
- option to treat TransportError as normal failure in bulk helpers
- fixed an issue with sniffing when only a single host was passed in

# 5.6.11 1.3.0 (2014-12-31)

- Timeout now doesn't trigger a retry by default (can be overriden by setting retry\_on\_timeout=True)
- Introduced new parameter retry\_on\_status (defaulting to (503, 504, )) controls which http status code should lead to a retry.
- Implemented url parsing according to RFC-1738
- Added support for proper SSL certificate handling
- Required parameters are now checked for non-empty values
- ConnectionPool now checks if any connections were defined
- DummyConnectionPool introduced when no load balancing is needed (only one connection defined)
- Fixed a race condition in ConnectionPool

# 5.6.12 1.2.0 (2014-08-03)

Compatibility with newest (1.3) Elasticsearch APIs.

- Filter out master-only nodes when sniffing
- Improved docs and error messages

# 5.6.13 1.1.1 (2014-07-04)

Bugfix release fixing escaping issues with request\_timeout.

# 5.6.14 1.1.0 (2014-07-02)

Compatibility with newest Elasticsearch APIs.

- Test helpers ElasticsearchTestCase and get\_test\_client for use in your tests
- Python 3.2 compatibility
- Use simplejson if installed instead of stdlib json library
- Introducing a global request\_timeout parameter for per-call timeout
- Bug fixes

# 5.6.15 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.

- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (sniff\_timeout).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- get\_alias now has name as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

# 5.6.16 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk\_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added helpers.streaming\_bulk to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming\_bulk are no longer limitted to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed perform\_request on Connection classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- minor bug fixes

# 5.6.17 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk\_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

# 5.6.18 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param acceted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk\_index

# 5.6.19 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

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CHAPTER 7

Indices and tables

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