Elasticsearch Documentation

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Contents

Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. It's goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

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Example Usage

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime(2010, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10)
}
res = es.index(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1, body=doc)
print(res['ok'])

res = es.get(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1)
print(res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")

res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
    print("%(timestamp) s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["_source"])
```

Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticseach's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue.

2.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose to use http, thrift or an experimental memcached protocol to communicate with the elasticsearch nodes. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the ConnectionPool class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default node are randomized before passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the Elasticsearch class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

2.2 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See Transport parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch

# by default we don't sniff, ever
es = Elasticsearch()

# you can specify to sniff on startup to inspect the cluster and load
# balance across all nodes
es = Elasticsearch(["seed1", "seed2"], sniff_on_start=True)

# you can also sniff periodically and/or after failure:
es = Elasticsearch(["seed1", "seed2"], sniff_on_start=True, sniff_on_connection_fail=True, sniffer_t.
```

2.3 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. The tace logger doesn't inherit from the base one it needs to be activated separately.

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3.1 API Documentation

Note: All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from_instead of from and doc_type instead of type as parameter names.

3.1.1 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes *indices* and *cluster* that provide access to IndicesClient and ClusterClient instances respectively.

Parameters

- hosts list of nodes we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "local-host", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host [:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the Connection class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the Transport class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

bulk (*args, **kwargs)

Perform many index/delete operations in a single API call. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/bulk/

See the bulk () helper function for a more friendly API.

- **body** The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), as either a newline separated string, or a sequence of dicts to serialize (one per row).
- index Default index for items which don't provide one

- **doc_type** Default document type for items which don't provide one
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- **replication** Explicitly set the replication type (default: sync)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

clear scroll(*args, **kwargs)

Clear the scroll request created by specifying the scroll parameter to search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/search/scroll/

Parameters scroll id – The scroll ID or a list of scroll IDs

count (*args, **kwargs)

Execute a query and get the number of matches for that query. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/count/

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- **body** A query to restrict the results (optional)
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- min_score Include only documents with a specific _score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

create (*args, **kwargs)

Adds a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. Behind the scenes this method calls index(..., op_type='create') http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/index_/

- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- **body** The document
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- id Specific document ID (when the POST method is used)
- parent ID of the parent document
- percolate Percolator queries to execute while indexing the document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

delete(*args, **kwargs)

Delete a typed JSON document from a specific index based on its id. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/delete/

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id The document ID
- consistency Specific write consistency setting for the operation
- parent ID of parent document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

delete_by_query (*args, **kwargs)

Delete documents from one or more indices and one or more types based on a query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/delete-by-query/

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the operation
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of types to restrict the operation
- **body** A query to restrict the operation
- consistency Specific write consistency setting for the operation
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **replication** Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists (*args, **kwargs)

Returns a boolean indicating whether or not given document exists in Elasticsearch. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/get/

Parameters

3.1. API Documentation

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

explain(*args, **kwargs)

The explain api computes a score explanation for a query and a specific document. This can give useful feedback whether a document matches or didn't match a specific query. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/explain/

- **index** The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), (default: OR)
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase_expanded_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

get (*args, **kwargs)

Get a typed JSON document from the index based on its id. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/get/

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

get source(*args, **kwargs)

Get the source of a document by it's index, type and id. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/get/

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

index (*args, **kwargs)

Adds or updates a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/index_/

- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document

- **body** The document
- id Document ID
- consistency Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- **op_type** Explicit operation type (default: index)
- parent ID of the parent document
- percolate Percolator queries to execute while indexing the document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- **ttl** Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

info(*args, **kwargs)

Get the basic info from the current cluster.

mget (*args, **kwargs)

Get multiple documents based on an index, type (optional) and ids. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/multi-get/

Parameters

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

mlt (*args, **kwargs)

Get documents that are "like" a specified document. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/more-like-this/

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document (use *_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- **body** A specific search request definition
- boost terms The boost factor
- max_doc_freq The word occurrence frequency as count: words with higher occurrence in the corpus will be ignored
- max_query_terms The maximum query terms to be included in the generated query
- max_word_len The minimum length of the word: longer words will be ignored
- min_doc_freq The word occurrence frequency as count: words with lower occurrence in the corpus will be ignored
- min_term_freq The term frequency as percent: terms with lower occurence in the source document will be ignored
- min_word_len The minimum length of the word: shorter words will be ignored
- mlt_fields Specific fields to perform the query against
- **percent_terms_to_match** How many terms have to match in order to consider the document a match (default: 0.3)
- routing Specific routing value
- search_from The offset from which to return results
- search_indices A comma-separated list of indices to perform the query against (default: the index containing the document)
- search_query_hint The search query hint
- search_scroll A scroll search request definition
- search_size The number of documents to return (default: 10)
- search_source A specific search request definition (instead of using the request body)
- **search_type** Specific search type (eg. *dfs_then_fetch*, *count*, etc)
- search_types A comma-separated list of types to perform the query against (default: the same type as the document)
- stop words A list of stop words to be ignored

msearch (*args, **kwargs)

Execute several search requests within the same API. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/multi-search/

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), as either a new-line separated string, or a sequence of dicts to serialize (one per row).
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default
- search_type Search operation type

percolate(*args, **kwargs)

Send a percolate request which include a doc, and get back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/percolate/

Parameters

- index The name of the index with a registered percolator query
- **doc_type** The document type
- **body** The document (*doc*) to percolate against registered queries; optionally also a *query* to limit the percolation to specific registered queries
- **prefer_local** With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)

ping (*args, **kwargs)

Returns True if the cluster is up, False otherwise.

scroll (*args, **kwargs)

Scroll a search request created by specifying the scroll parameter. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/search/scroll/

Parameters

- scroll id The scroll ID
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

search (*args, **kwargs)

Execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/search/

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **body** The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) (default: OR)
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as part of a hit

- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- indices_boost Comma-separated list of index boosts
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase_expanded_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- from Starting offset (default: 0)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- search_type Search operation type
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- **source** The URL-encoded request definition using the Query DSL (instead of using request body)
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- suggest_field Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest_mode** Specify suggest mode (default: missing)
- suggest_size How many suggestions to return in response
- suggest_text The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

suggest (*args, **kwargs)

The suggest feature suggests similar looking terms based on a provided text by using a suggester. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/search/suggest/

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **body** The request definition
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded request definition (instead of using request body)

update (*args, **kwargs)

Update a document based on a script or partial data provided. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/update/

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id Document ID
- **body** The request definition using either *script* or partial *doc*
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- lang The script language (default: mvel)
- parent ID of the parent document
- percolate Perform percolation during the operation; use specific registered query name, attribute, or wildcard
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- **retry_on_conflict** Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- **script** The URL-encoded script definition (instead of using request body)
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Explicit version number for concurrency control

3.1.2 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient (client)

analyze (*args, **kwargs)

Perform the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-analyze.html

- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- body The text on which the analysis should be performed
- analyzer The name of the analyzer to use
- field Use the analyzer configured for this field (instead of passing the analyzer name)
- filters A comma-separated list of filters to use for the analysis

- **format** Format of the output, default u'detailed'
- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- **prefer_local** With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)
- text The text on which the analysis should be performed (when request body is not used)
- tokenizer The name of the tokenizer to use for the analysis

clear_cache (*args, **kwargs)

Clear either all caches or specific cached associated with one ore more indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-clearcache.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- field_data Clear field data
- fielddata Clear field data
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the *field_data* parameter (default: all)
- filter Clear filter caches
- filter_cache Clear filter caches
- **filter_keys** A comma-separated list of keys to clear when using the *filter_cache* parameter (default: all)
- id Clear ID caches for parent/child
- id_cache Clear ID caches for parent/child
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- recycler Clear the recycler cache

close(*args, **kwargs)

Close an index to remove it's overhead from the cluster. Closed index is blocked for read/write operations. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

create (*args, **kwargs)

Create an index in Elasticsearch. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicescreate-index.html

- **index** The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

• timeout – Explicit operation timeout

delete (*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index in Elasticsearch http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-index.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or empty string to delete all
 indices
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Delete specific alias. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index with an alias
- name The name of the alias to be deleted
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **timeout** Explicit timestamp for the document

delete_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Delete a mapping (type) along with its data. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all for all indices
- doc_type The name of the document type to delete
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

delete_template(*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index template by its name. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestemplates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout

delete_warmer (*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index warmer. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to register warmer for; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to register warmer for; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all types
- name The name of the warmer (supports wildcards); leave empty to delete all warmers

• master_timeout – Specify timeout for connection to master

exists(*args, **kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given index exists. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/curren indices-exists.html

Parameters index – A list of indices to check

exists_alias(*args, **kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given alias exists. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/aliases.html

Parameters

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)

exists_type (*args, **kwargs)

Check if a type/types exists in an index/indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestypes-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to check the types across all
 indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)

flush(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly flush one or more indices. http://http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-flush.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- force TODO: ?
- **full** TODO: ?
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation

get_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve a specified alias. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'

get_aliases (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve specified aliases http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get_field_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of a specific field. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesget-field-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types
- field A comma-separated list of fields to retrieve the mapping for
- include_defaults A boolean indicating whether to return default values

get_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of index or index/type. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indget-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types

get_settings (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve settings for one or more (or all) indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceget-settings.html

Parameters index – A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices

```
get_template(*args, **kwargs)
```

Retrieve an index template by its name. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestemplates.html

Parameters name – The name of the template

```
get_warmer (*args, **kwargs)
```

Retreieve an index warmer. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- name The name of the warmer (supports wildcards); leave empty to get all warmers

```
open (*args, **kwargs)
```

Open a closed index to make it available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indopen-close.html

- index The name of the index
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

optimize(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly optimize one or more indices through an API. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/currentered optimize.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- max_num_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only_expunge_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- **refresh** Specify whether the index should be refreshed after performing the operation (default: true)
- wait_for_merge Specify whether the request should block until the merge process is finished (default: true)

put_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Create an alias for a specific index/indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index with an alias
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- **body** The settings for the alias, such as *routing* or *filter*
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

put_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Register specific mapping definition for a specific type. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current put-mapping.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** The name of the document type
- body The mapping definition
- **ignore_conflicts** Specify whether to ignore conflicts while updating the mapping (default: false)

- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout

put_settings(*args, **kwargs)

Change specific index level settings in real time. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceupdate-settings.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- body The index settings to be updated

put_template(*args, **kwargs)

Create an index template that will automatically be applied to new indices created. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put_warmer (*args, **kwargs)

Create an index warmer to run registered search requests to warm up the index before it is available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to register the warmer for; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the warmer
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to register the warmer for; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **body** The search request definition for the warmer (query, filters, facets, sorting, etc)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

refresh (*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly refresh one or more index, making all operations performed since the last refresh available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-refresh.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'

segments (*args, **kwargs)

Provide low level segments information that a Lucene index (shard level) is built with. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-indices-segments/

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- operation_threading TODO: ?

snapshot_index (*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly perform a snapshot through the gateway of one or more indices (backup them). http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-gateway-snapshot.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)

stats(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve statistics on different operations happening on an index. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-indices-stats/

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **metric_family** Limit the information returned to a specific metric
- all Return all available information
- clear Reset the default level of detail
- completion Return information about completion suggester stats
- completion_fields A comma-separated list of fields for completion metric (supports wildcards)
- docs Return information about indexed and deleted documents
- fielddata Return information about field data
- fielddata_fields A comma-separated list of fields for fielddata metric (supports wild-cards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* metric (supports wildcards)
- filter_cache Return information about filter cache
- **flush** Return information about flush operations
- get Return information about get operations
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search statistics
- id_cache Return information about ID cache
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)

- **indexing** Return information about indexing operations
- merge Return information about merge operations
- refresh Return information about refresh operations
- **search** Return information about search operations; use the *groups* parameter to include information for specific search groups
- store Return information about the size of the index
- warmer Return information about warmers

```
status (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get a comprehensive status information of one or more indices. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-indices-_/

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- recovery Return information about shard recovery
- snapshot TODO: ?

update_aliases (*args, **kwargs)

Update specified aliases. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

validate_query (*args, **kwargs)

Validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/validate/

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The query definition
- explain Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

3.1.3 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

get_settings(*args, **kwargs)

Get cluster settings. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-update-settings/

health (*args, **kwargs)

Get a very simple status on the health of the cluster. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-health/

Parameters

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- level Specify the level of detail for returned information, default u'cluster'
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait_for_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait_for_relocating_shards Wait until the specified number of relocating shards is finished
- wait_for_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state, default None

node_info(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes' information. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-nodes-info/

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- all Return all available information
- **clear** Reset the default settings
- http Return information about HTTP
- **ivm** Return information about the JVM
- **network** Return information about network
- os Return information about the operating system
- plugin Return information about plugins
- process Return information about the Elasticsearch process
- settings Return information about node settings
- thread_pool Return information about the thread pool
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **transport** Return information about transport

node_shutdown (*args, **kwargs)

Shutdown one or more (or all) nodes in the cluster. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-nodes-shutdown/

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to perform the operation on; use
 _local to perform the operation on the node you're connected to, leave empty to perform
 the operation on all nodes
- **delay** Set the delay for the operation (default: 1s)
- exit Exit the JVM as well (default: true)

node_stats (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes statistics. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-nodes-stats/

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned for indices family to a specific metric
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return detailed information for, when returning the *indices* metric family (supports wildcards)
- all Return all available information
- clear Reset the default level of detail
- fields A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* metric (supports wildcards)
- **fs** Return information about the filesystem
- http Return information about HTTP
- indices Return information about indices
- jvm Return information about the JVM
- network Return information about network
- **os** Return information about the operating system
- **process** Return information about the Elasticsearch process
- thread_pool Return information about the thread pool
- transport Return information about transport

put_settings(*args, **kwargs)

Update cluster wide specific settings. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-update-settings/

Parameters body – The settings to be updated. Can be either *transient* or *persistent* (survives cluster restart).

reroute(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly execute a cluster reroute allocation command including specific commands. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-reroute/

Parameters

• **body** – The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)

- dry_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- filter metadata Don't return cluster state metadata (default: false)

state(*args, **kwargs)

Get a comprehensive state information of the whole cluster. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-cluster-state/

Parameters

- filter blocks Do not return information about blocks
- filter_index_templates Do not return information about index templates
- filter_indices Limit returned metadata information to specific indices
- filter_metadata Do not return information about indices metadata
- filter_nodes Do not return information about nodes
- **filter_routing_table** Do not return information about shard allocation (*routing_table* and *routing_nodes*)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

3.2 Connection Layer API

All of the classes reponsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the Elasticsearch class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to Transport, ConnectionPool and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the ConnectionSelector class you can just pass in the *selector_class* parameter.

3.2.1 Transport

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a connection_class instance
- connection class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluser/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as hosts parameter)

- sniff_on_start flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluser at startup time
- **sniffer_timeout** number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff_on_connection_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **serializer** serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- default_mimetype when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' ison'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless overriden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

add_connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

get connection()

Retreive a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

mark_dead (connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection – instance of Connection that failed

perform_request (method, url, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max_retries times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serializes using serializer and passed to the connection

set_connections (hosts)

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Instantiate all the connections and crate new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as *init*

sniff hosts()

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the *nodes_to_host_callback*.

3.2.2 Connection Pool

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \ \texttt{elasticsearch.ConnectionPool} \ (connections, & dead_timeout = 60, & selector_class = RoundRobinSelector, & randomize_hosts = True, \\ & **kwares) \end{array}$

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default_timeout* * 2 ** (*fail_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been peviously marked as dead and succeedes will be marked as live (it's fail count will be deleted).

Parameters

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- selector_class ConnectionSelector subclass to use
- randomize_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

get_connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

mark_dead (connection, now=None)

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

mark live(connection)

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection – the connection to redeem

resurrect (force=False)

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to th live pool.

Parameters force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections)

3.2.3 Connection Selector

class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to Transport as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host_info_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

select (connections)

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

3.2.4 Connection

class elasticsearch. **Connection** (host='localhost', port=9200, url_prefix='', timeout=10, **kwargs)

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (perform_request) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- **timeout** default timeout in seconds (default: 10)

log_request_fail (method, full_url, body, duration, status_code=None, exception=None)
Log an unsuccessful API call.

log_request_success (method, full_url, path, body, status_code, response, duration)
Log a successful API call.

3.3 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of Elasticsearch as $connection_class$. Note that Thrift and Memcached protocols are experimental and require a plugin to be installed in your cluster as well as additional dependencies (thrift==0.9 and pylibmc==1.2).

For example to use the thrift connection just import it and use it. The connection classes are aware of their respective default ports (9500 for thrift) so there is no need to specify them unless modified:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

3.3.1 Connection

class elasticsearch.connection.Connection (host='localhost', port=9200, url_prefix='', timeout=10, **kwargs)

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform_request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (default: 10)

3.3.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- maxsize the maximum number of connections which will be kept open to this host.

3.3.3 RequestsHttpConnection

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \; \textbf{elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection} \; (\textit{host='localhost'}, & \textit{port=9200}, \\ & \textit{http\_auth=None}, \; \textit{use\_ssl=False}, \\ & **kwargs) \end{array}
```

Connection using the requests library.

Parameters

- http auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*

3.3.4 ThriftConnection

Connection using the *thrift* protocol to communicate with elasticsearch.

See https://github.com/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-transport-thrift for additional info.

Parameters framed_transport - use TTransport.TFramedTransport instead of

TTransport.TBufferedTransport

3.3.5 MemcachedConnection

Client using the *pylibmc* python library to communicate with elasticsearch using the memcached protocol. Requires plugin in the cluster.

See https://github.com/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-transport-memcached for more details.

3.4 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, raise_on_error=False, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action at 0x26a3230>, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk () which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

This function expects the action to be in the format as returned by search (), for example:

Alternatively, if _source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data.

Alternative actions (_op_type field defaults to index) can be sent as well:

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)

- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors from the execution of the last chunk)
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).

elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats_only=False, **kwargs)

Helper for the bulk () api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if *stats_only* is set to *True*.

See streaming_bulk() for more information and accepted formats.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to streaming_bulk() which is used to execute the operation.

elasticsearch.helpers.scan(client, query=None, scroll='5m', **kwargs)

Simple abstraction on top of the scroll () api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call.

elasticsearch.helpers.reindex(client, source_index, target_index, target_client=None, chunk_size=500, scroll='5m')

Reindex all documents from one index to another, potentially (if target_client is specified) on a different cluster.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use (for read if target client is specified as well)
- source index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- **target_client** optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

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3.5 Changelog

3.5.1 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added *helpers.streaming_bulk* to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming_bulk are no longer limitted to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed *perform_request* on *Connection* classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend *JSONSerializer* need to specify a *mimetype* class attribute.
- · minor bug fixes

3.5.2 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

3.5.3 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param acceted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index

3.5.4 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

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CHAPTER 5

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