Elasticsearch Documentation

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Contents

Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. It's goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

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Example Usage

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime(2010, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10)
}
res = es.index(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1, body=doc)
print(res['ok'])

res = es.get(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1)
print(res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")

res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
    print("%(timestamp) s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["_source"])
```

Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticseach's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue.

2.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose to use http, thrift or an experimental memcached protocol to communicate with the elasticsearch nodes. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the ConnectionPool class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default node are randomized before passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the Elasticsearch class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

2.2 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See Transport parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch

# by default we don't sniff, ever
es = Elasticsearch()

# you can specify to sniff on startup to inspect the cluster and load
# balance across all nodes
es = Elasticsearch(["seed1", "seed2"], sniff_on_start=True)

# you can also sniff periodically and/or after failure:
es = Elasticsearch(["seed1", "seed2"], sniff_on_start=True, sniff_on_connection_fail=True, sniffer_t.
```

2.3 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. The trace logger doesn't inherit from the base one it needs to be activated separately.

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3.1 API Documentation

Note: All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from_instead of from and doc_type instead of type as parameter names.

3.1.1 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes *cat*, *cluster*, *indices*, *nodes* and *snapshot* that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, NodesClient and SnapshotClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

Some examples:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection and it's
# default port (9500)
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes 'esnode1' and 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
    sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
    sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
    sniffer_timeout=60
)
# connect to localhost directly and another node using SSL on port 443
# and an url_prefix
```

Parameters

- hosts list of nodes we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "local-host", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the Connection class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the Transport class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

```
bulk (*args, **kwargs)
```

Perform many index/delete operations in a single API call. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/curbulk.html

See the bulk () helper function for a more friendly API.

Parameters

- **body** The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), as either a newline separated string, or a sequence of dicts to serialize (one per row).
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- consistency Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- replication Explicitly set the replication type (default: sync)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

```
clear scroll(*args, **kwargs)
```

Clear the scroll request created by specifying the scroll parameter to search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

Parameters scroll id – The scroll ID or a list of scroll IDs

```
count (*args, **kwargs)
```

Execute a query and get the number of matches for that query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-count.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- **body** A query to restrict the results (optional)
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- min_score Include only documents with a specific _score value in the result

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

count percolate(*args, **kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

Parameters

- index The index of the document being count percolated.
- **doc_type** The type of the document being count percolated.
- id Substitute the document in the request body with a document that is known by the specified id. On top of the id, the index and type parameter will be used to retrieve the document from within the cluster.
- body The count percolator request definition using the percolate DSL
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **percolate_index** The index to count percolate the document into. Defaults to index.
- percolate_type The type to count percolate document into. Defaults to type.
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

create(*args, **kwargs)

Adds a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. Behind the scenes this method calls index(..., op_type='create') http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index .html

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id Document ID
- body The document
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- id Specific document ID (when the POST method is used)

- parent ID of the parent document
- percolate Percolator queries to execute while indexing the document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

delete(*args, **kwargs)

Delete a typed JSON document from a specific index based on its id. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete.html

Parameters

- **index** The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id The document ID
- **consistency** Specific write consistency setting for the operation
- parent ID of parent document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- **replication** Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

delete_by_query (*args, **kwargs)

Delete documents from one or more indices and one or more types based on a query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete-by-query.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the operation
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of types to restrict the operation
- body A query to restrict the operation
- **consistency** Specific write consistency setting for the operation
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **replication** Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists(*args, **kwargs)

Returns a boolean indicating whether or not given document exists in Elasticsearch. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

explain(*args, **kwargs)

The explain api computes a score explanation for a query and a specific document. This can give useful feedback whether a document matches or didn't match a specific query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), (default: OR)
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase_expanded_terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- parent The ID of the parent document

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- **source** The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

get (*args, **kwargs)

Get a typed JSON document from the index based on its id. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- source exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Explicit version number for concurrency control

get_source(*args, **kwargs)

Get the source of a document by it's index, type and id. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document (uses *_all* by default to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)

- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version type Explicit version number for concurrency control

index (*args, **kwargs)

Adds or updates a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index_.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document
- body The document
- id Document ID
- consistency Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- **op_type** Explicit operation type (default: index)
- parent ID of the parent document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- replication Specific replication type (default: sync)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

info(*args, **kwargs)

Get the basic info from the current cluster.

mget (*args, **kwargs)

Get multiple documents based on an index, type (optional) and ids. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-get.html

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response

- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

mlt (*args, **kwargs)

Get documents that are "like" a specified document. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/semore-like-this.html

- index The name of the index
- **doc_type** The type of the document (use *_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- **body** A specific search request definition
- boost_terms The boost factor
- max_doc_freq The word occurrence frequency as count: words with higher occurrence in the corpus will be ignored
- max_query_terms The maximum query terms to be included in the generated query
- max_word_length The minimum length of the word: longer words will be ignored
- min_doc_freq The word occurrence frequency as count: words with lower occurrence in the corpus will be ignored
- min_term_freq The term frequency as percent: terms with lower occurence in the source document will be ignored
- min_word_length The minimum length of the word: shorter words will be ignored
- mlt_fields Specific fields to perform the query against
- **percent_terms_to_match** How many terms have to match in order to consider the document a match (default: 0.3)
- routing Specific routing value
- search from The offset from which to return results
- search_indices A comma-separated list of indices to perform the query against (default: the index containing the document)
- **search_query_hint** The search query hint
- search_scroll A scroll search request definition
- search_size The number of documents to return (default: 10)
- search_source A specific search request definition (instead of using the request body)
- **search_type** Specific search type (eg. *dfs_then_fetch*, *count*, etc)
- **search_types** A comma-separated list of types to perform the query against (default: the same type as the document)

• stop_words – A list of stop words to be ignored

mpercolate(*args, **kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

Parameters

- index The index of the document being count percolated to use as default
- **doc_type** The type of the document being percolated to use as default.
- body The percolate request definitions (header & body pair), separated by newlines
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open'
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

msearch(*args, **kwargs)

Execute several search requests within the same API. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/semulti-search.html

Parameters

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), as either a new-line separated string, or a sequence of dicts to serialize (one per row).
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default
- search_type Search operation type

mtermvectors (*args, **kwargs)

Multi termvectors API allows to get multiple termvectors based on an index, type and id. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **doc type** The type of the document.
- **body** Define ids, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- field_statistics Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True

- **parent** Parent id of documents. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default False

percolate(*args, **kwargs)

The percolator allows to register queries against an index, and then send percolate requests which include a doc, and getting back the queries that match on that doc out of the set of registered queries. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-percolate.html

Parameters

- index The index of the document being percolated.
- doc type The type of the document being percolated.
- id Substitute the document in the request body with a document that is known by the specified id. On top of the id, the index and type parameter will be used to retrieve the document from within the cluster.
- **body** The percolator request definition using the percolate DSL
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **percolate_index** The index to percolate the document into. Defaults to index.
- percolate type The type to percolate document into. Defaults to type.
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type

```
ping (*args, **kwargs)
```

Returns True if the cluster is up, False otherwise.

```
scroll (*args, **kwargs)
```

Scroll a search request created by specifying the scroll parameter. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

Parameters

- scroll id The scroll ID
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

search (*args, **kwargs)

Execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-search.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_include A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) (default: OR)
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- explain Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part
 of a hit
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as part of a hit
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- indices boost Comma-separated list of index boosts
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- lowercase expanded terms Specify whether query terms should be lowercased
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- search_type Search operation type
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)

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- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- **source** The URL-encoded request definition using the Query DSL (instead of using request body)
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **suggest_field** Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest_mode** Specify suggest mode (default: missing)
- suggest_size How many suggestions to return in response
- suggest_text The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

suggest (*args, **kwargs)

The suggest feature suggests similar looking terms based on a provided text by using a suggester. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-search.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The request definition
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value
- source The URL-encoded request definition (instead of using request body)

termvector(*args, **kwargs)

Added in 1. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **doc type** The type of the document.
- id The id of the document.
- **body** Define parameters. See documentation.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned., default True
- parent Parent id of documents.
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned., default True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned., default True

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- routing Specific routing value.
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned., default False

update (*args, **kwargs)

Update a document based on a script or partial data provided. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- **body** The request definition using either *script* or partial *doc*
- **consistency** Explicit write consistency setting for the operation
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- lang The script language (default: mvel)
- parent ID of the parent document
- refresh Refresh the index after performing the operation
- **replication** Specific replication type (default: sync)
- retry_on_conflict Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- script The URL-encoded script definition (instead of using request body)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Explicit version number for concurrency control

3.1.2 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient(client)

```
analyze(*args, **kwargs)
```

Perform the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-analyze.html

- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- **body** The text on which the analysis should be performed
- analyzer The name of the analyzer to use

- **field** Use the analyzer configured for this field (instead of passing the analyzer name)
- filters A comma-separated list of filters to use for the analysis
- format Format of the output, default u'detailed'
- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- **prefer_local** With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)
- text The text on which the analysis should be performed (when request body is not used)
- tokenizer The name of the tokenizer to use for the analysis

clear_cache (*args, **kwargs)

Clear either all caches or specific cached associated with one ore more indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-clearcache.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- field_data Clear field data
- fielddata Clear field data
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the field_data parameter (default: all)
- filter Clear filter caches
- filter cache Clear filter caches
- **filter_keys** A comma-separated list of keys to clear when using the *filter_cache* parameter (default: all)
- id Clear ID caches for parent/child
- id_cache Clear ID caches for parent/child
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- recycler Clear the recycler cache

close(*args, **kwargs)

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Close an index to remove it's overhead from the cluster. Closed index is blocked for read/write operations. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or '*' to delete all indices
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

create(*args, **kwargs)

Create an index in Elasticsearch. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicescreate-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete(*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index in Elasticsearch http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-index.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or '*' to delete all indices
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout

delete_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Delete specific alias. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use _all for all indices
- name A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use *_all* to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

delete_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Delete a mapping (type) along with its data. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcard); use _all for all indices
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to delete (supports wildcards); use _*all* to delete all document types in the specified indices.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

delete_template(*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index template by its name. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestemplates.html

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_warmer (*args, **kwargs)

Delete an index warmer. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to delete warmers from (supports wild-cards); use *_all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- name A comma-separated list of warmer names to delete (supports wildcards); use _all to delete all warmers in the specified indices.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

exists(*args, **kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given index exists. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/curren indices-exists.html

Parameters

- index A list of indices to check
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_alias(*args, **kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given alias exists. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/aliases.html

Parameters

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_template(*args, **kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given template exists. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/curtemplates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_type (*args, **kwargs)

Check if a type/types exists in an index/indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestypes-exists.html

Parameters

index – A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to check the types across all indices

- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

flush(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly flush one or more indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-flush.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index.
- **full** If set to true a new index writer is created and settings that have been changed related to the index writer will be refreshed.
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

get_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve a specified alias. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get aliases(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve specified aliases http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to filter
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get_field_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of a specific field. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicesget-field-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **field** A comma-separated list of fields to retrieve the mapping for
- include_defaults A boolean indicating whether to return default values
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of index or index/type. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indget-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use *all* or empty string for all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- expand_wildcards Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_settings(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve settings for one or more (or all) indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceget-settings.html

Parameters

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- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the settings that should be included
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_template(*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve an index template by its name. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indicestemplates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_warmer (*args, **kwargs)

Retreieve an index warmer. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- name The name of the warmer (supports wildcards); leave empty to get all warmers
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

open (*args, **kwargs)

Open a closed index to make it available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indopen-close.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- expand_wildcards Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

```
optimize(*args, **kwargs)
```

Explicitly optimize one or more indices through an API. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/currentered optimize.html

Parameters

• index – A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices

- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- max_num_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only_expunge_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents
- operation_threading TODO: ?
- wait_for_merge Specify whether the request should block until the merge process is finished (default: true)

put_alias (*args, **kwargs)

Create an alias for a specific index/indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *_all* or omit to perform the operation on all indices.
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- body The settings for the alias, such as routing or filter
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

put_mapping(*args, **kwargs)

Register specific mapping definition for a specific type. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current put-mapping.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *_all* or omit to perform the operation on all indices.
- doc_type The name of the document type
- body The mapping definition
- **ignore_conflicts** Specify whether to ignore conflicts while updating the mapping (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put settings(*args, **kwargs)

Change specific index level settings in real time. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indiceupdate-settings.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **body** The index settings to be updated
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)

put_template(*args, **kwargs)

Create an index template that will automatically be applied to new indices created. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)

put_warmer (*args, **kwargs)

Create an index warmer to run registered search requests to warm up the index before it is available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-warmers.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to register the warmer for; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the warmer
- **doc_type** A comma-separated list of document types to register the warmer for; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **body** The search request definition for the warmer (query, filters, facets, sorting, etc)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

refresh(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly refresh one or more index, making all operations performed since the last refresh available for search. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-refresh.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- ignore_indices When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore missing ones, default u'none'

- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- force Force a refresh even if not required

segments (*args, **kwargs)

Provide low level segments information that a Lucene index (shard level) is built with. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-segments.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format (default: false)

snapshot_index (*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly perform a snapshot through the gateway of one or more indices (backup them). http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-gateway-snapshot.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

stats (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve statistics on different operations happening on an index. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-stats.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- metric A comma-separated list of metrics to display. Possible values: "_all", "completion", "docs", "fielddata", "filter_cache", "flush", "get", "id_cache", "indexing", "merge", "percolate", "refresh", "search", "segments", "store", "warmer"
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *completion* metric (supports wildcards)

- fielddata_fields A comma-separated list of fields for fielddata metric (supports wild-cards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search statistics
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format.
- level Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level. ("cluster", "indices" or "shards", default: "indices")
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

status (*args, **kwargs)

Get a comprehensive status information of one or more indices. http://elasticsearch.org/guide/reference/api/admin-indices-/

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones, default u'none'
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation threading TODO: ?
- recovery Return information about shard recovery
- snapshot TODO: ?
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format.

update_aliases (*args, **kwargs)

Update specified aliases. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

• **timeout** – Request timeout

validate_query (*args, **kwargs)

Validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/curvalidate.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- **body** The query definition
- explain Return detailed information about the error
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- expand_wildcards Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both.
- **ignore_indices** When performed on multiple indices, allows to ignore *missing* ones (default: none)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation threading TODO: ?
- q Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- source The URL-encoded query definition (instead of using the request body)

3.1.3 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient (client)

```
get_settings(*args, **kwargs)
```

Get cluster settings. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

```
health (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get a very simple status on the health of the cluster. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluhealth.html

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- level Specify the level of detail for returned information, default u'cluster'
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait_for_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait_for_relocating_shards Wait until the specified number of relocating shards is finished
- wait_for_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state, default None

pending_tasks(*args, **kwargs)

The pending cluster tasks API returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-pending.html

Parameters

- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

put_settings(*args, **kwargs)

Update cluster wide specific settings. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

- body The settings to be updated. Can be either transient or persistent (survives cluster restart).
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)

reroute(*args, **kwargs)

Explicitly execute a cluster reroute allocation command including specific commands. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-reroute.html

Parameters

- **body** The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- dry_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- filter_metadata Don't return cluster state metadata (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

state (*args, **kwargs)

Get a comprehensive state information of the whole cluster. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/custate.html

- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Possible values: "_all", "blocks", "index_templates", "metadata", "nodes", "routing_table"
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **index_templates** A comma separated list to return specific index templates when returning metadata.
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)

stats(*args, **kwargs)

The Cluster Stats API allows to retrieve statistics from a cluster wide perspective. The API returns basic index metrics and information about the current nodes that form the cluster. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-stats.html

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format.

3.1.4 Nodes

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

```
hot threads (*args, **kwargs)
```

An API allowing to get the current hot threads on each node in the cluster. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **type** The type to sample (default: cpu)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- snapshots Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- threads Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)

info(*args, **kwargs)

The cluster nodes info API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes information. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-info.html

Parameters

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all. Choices are "settings", "os", "process", "jvm", "thread_pool", "network", "transport", "http", "plugin"
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False

shutdown (*args, **kwargs)

The nodes shutdown API allows to shutdown one or more (or all) nodes in the cluster. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-shutdown.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to perform the operation on; use
 _local to perform the operation on the node you're connected to, leave empty to perform
 the operation on all nodes
- **delay** Set the delay for the operation (default: 1s)
- exit Exit the JVM as well (default: true)

stats (*args, **kwargs)

The cluster nodes stats API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes statistics. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-stats.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information;
 use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Possible options are: "_all", "breaker", "fs", "http", "indices", "jvm", "network", "os", "process", "thread_pool", "transport"
- **index_metric** Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified. Possible options are: "_all", "completion", "docs", "fielddata", "filter_cache", "flush", "get", "id_cache", "indexing", "merge", "percolate", "refresh", "search", "segments", "store", "warmer"
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search index metric
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- level Return indices stats aggregated at node, index or shard level, default 'node'
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the indexing index metric

3.1.5 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

aliases (*args, **kwargs)

http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-aliases.html

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

allocation(*args, **kwargs)

Allocation provides a snapshot of how shards have located around the cluster and the state of disk usage. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-allocation.html

Parameters

- node id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

count (*args, **kwargs)

Count provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-count.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

health (*args, **kwargs)

 $health \ is \ a \ terse, \ one-line \ representation \ of \ the \ same \ information \ from \ health() \ API \ http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-health.html$

Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- ts Set to false to disable timestamping, default True
- ullet v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

help (*args, **kwargs)

A simple help for the cat api. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat.html

Parameters help – Return help information, default False

indices (*args, **kwargs)

The indices command provides a cross-section of each index. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-indices.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards, default False
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

master (*args, **kwargs)

Displays the master's node ID, bound IP address, and node name. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-master.html

Parameters

- **h** Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

nodes (*args, **kwargs)

The nodes command shows the cluster topology. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-nodes.html

Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

pending_tasks(*args, **kwargs)

pending_tasks provides the same information as the pending_tasks () API in a convenient tabular format. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-pending-tasks.html

Parameters

- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

recovery (*args, **kwargs)

recovery is a view of shard replication. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-recovery.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

```
shards (*args, **kwargs)
```

The shards command is the detailed view of what nodes contain which shards. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-shards.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

```
thread_pool (*args, **kwargs)
```

Get information about thread pools. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-thread-pool.html

Parameters

- **full_id** Enables displaying the complete node ids (default: 'false')
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information (default: 'false')
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers (default: 'false')

Snapshot —

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

```
create (*args, **kwargs)
```

Create a snapshot in repository http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

- **repository** A repository name
- **snapshot** A snapshot name
- body The snapshot definition

- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

create_repository(*args, **kwargs)

Registers a shared file system repository. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **body** The repository definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete(*args, **kwargs)

Deletes a snapshot from a repository. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A snapshot name
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

delete_repository(*args, **kwargs)

Removes a shared file system repository. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get (*args, **kwargs)

Retrieve information about a snapshot. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get_repository (*args, **kwargs)

Return information about registered repositories. http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modusnapshots.html

- **repository** A comma-separated list of repository names
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

```
restore (*args, **kwargs)
```

Restore a snapshot. snapshots.html

http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body Details of what to restore
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

3.2 Connection Layer API

All of the classes reponsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the Elasticsearch class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to Transport, ConnectionPool and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the ConnectionSelector class you can just pass in the *selector_class* parameter.

3.2.1 Transport

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

- **hosts** list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a *connection_class* instance
- connection_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluser/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as hosts parameter)
- sniff_on_start flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluser at startup time
- sniffer timeout number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff on connection fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly.

- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- default_mimetype when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application/ison'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless overriden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

add_connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

get_connection()

Retreive a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

mark dead(connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection – instance of Connection that failed

perform_request (method, url, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max_retries times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serializes using serializer and passed to the connection

set_connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and crate new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as __init__

sniff hosts()

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the *nodes_to_host_callback*.

3.2.2 Connection Pool

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \ \texttt{elasticsearch}. \textbf{ConnectionPool} \ (connections, & dead_timeout = 60, & selector_class = RoundRobinSelector, & randomize_hosts = True, \\ & **kwargs) \end{array}$

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default_timeout* * 2 ** (*fail_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been peviously marked as dead and succeedes will be marked as live (it's fail count will be deleted).

Parameters

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- selector_class ConnectionSelector subclass to use
- randomize_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

get_connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

mark dead(connection, now=None)

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

mark_live (connection)

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection – the connection to redeem

resurrect (force=False)

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to th live pool.

Parameters force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections)

3.2.3 Connection Selector

class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to Transport as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host_info_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

select (connections)

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

3.2.4 Connection

class elasticsearch. **Connection** (host='localhost', port=9200, url_prefix='', timeout=10, **kwargs)

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (perform_request) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- **timeout** default timeout in seconds (default: 10)

log_request_fail (method, full_url, body, duration, status_code=None, exception=None)
Log an unsuccessful API call.

log_request_success (method, full_url, path, body, status_code, response, duration)
Log a successful API call.

3.3 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of Elasticsearch as $connection_class$. Note that Thrift and Memcached protocols are experimental and require a plugin to be installed in your cluster as well as additional dependencies (thrift==0.9 and pylibmc==1.2).

For example to use the thrift connection just import it and use it. The connection classes are aware of their respective default ports (9500 for thrift) so there is no need to specify them unless modified:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

3.3.1 Connection

class elasticsearch.connection.Connection (host='localhost', port=9200, url_prefix='', timeout=10, **kwargs)

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform_request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- **port** port to use (default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (default: 10)

3.3.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- maxsize the maximum number of connections which will be kept open to this host.

3.3.3 RequestsHttpConnection

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \; \textbf{elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection} \; (\textit{host='localhost'}, & \textit{port=9200}, \\ & \textit{http\_auth=None}, \; \textit{use\_ssl=False}, \\ & **kwargs) \end{array}
```

Connection using the requests library.

Parameters

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- **use_ssl** use ssl for the connection if *True*

3.3.4 ThriftConnection

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```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \ \texttt{elasticsearch.connection.ThriftConnection} \ (\textit{host='localhost'}, & \textit{port=9500}, \\ \textit{framed\_transport=False}, & \textit{use\_ssl=False}, \\ & **kwargs) \end{array}
```

Connection using the *thrift* protocol to communicate with elasticsearch.

See https://github.com/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-transport-thrift for additional info.

Parameters framed_transport - use TTransport.TFramedTransport instead of

TTransport.TBufferedTransport

3.3.5 MemcachedConnection

Client using the *pylibmc* python library to communicate with elasticsearch using the memcached protocol. Requires plugin in the cluster.

See https://github.com/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-transport-memcached for more details.

3.4 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, raise_on_error=False, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action at 0x3231c80>, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk () which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

This function expects the action to be in the format as returned by search (), for example:

Alternatively, if _source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data.

Alternative actions (op type field defaults to index) can be sent as well:

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)

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- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors from the execution of the last chunk)
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).

elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats_only=False, **kwargs)

Helper for the bulk () api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if *stats only* is set to *True*.

See streaming_bulk() for more information and accepted formats.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to streaming_bulk() which is used to execute the operation.

elasticsearch.helpers.scan(client, query=None, scroll='5m', **kwargs)

Simple abstraction on top of the scroll () api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- **scroll** Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call.

elasticsearch.helpers.reindex(client, source_index, target_index, target_client=None, chunk_size=500, scroll='5m')

Reindex all documents from one index to another, potentially (if target_client is specified) on a different cluster.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

- **client** instance of Elasticsearch to use (for read if *target_client* is specified as well)
- source index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- **target_client** optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

3.5 Changelog

3.5.1 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.

- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (*sniff_timeout*).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- *get_alias* now has *name* as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

3.5.2 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added *helpers.streaming_bulk* to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming_bulk are no longer limitted to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed *perform_request* on *Connection* classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer
 need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- · minor bug fixes

3.5.3 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

3.5.4 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- *ignore* param acceted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index

3.5.5 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

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